

## EXERCISE SET 4.1

1. Using the identity  $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$ , expand the following:

(i)  $(7x + 4y)^2$

Using  $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

where  $a = 7x$ ,  $b = 4y$

$$\begin{aligned}(7x + 4y)^2 &= (7x)^2 + 2 \times 7x \times 4y + (4y)^2 \\ &= 49x^2 + 56xy + 16y^2\end{aligned}$$

(ii)  $\left(\frac{7}{5}x + \frac{3}{2}y\right)^2$       Using  $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$   
Here  $a = \frac{7}{5}x$  ,  $b = \frac{3}{2}y$

$$\left(\frac{7}{5}x + \frac{3}{2}y\right)^2 = \left(\frac{7}{5}x\right)^2 + 2 \times \left(\frac{7}{5}x\right) \times \left(\frac{3}{2}y\right) + \left(\frac{3}{2}y\right)^2$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{5}x + \frac{3}{2}y\right)^2 = \frac{49}{25}x^2 + 2 \times \frac{7}{5}x \times \frac{3}{2}y + \frac{9}{4}y^2$$

$$\left(\frac{7}{5}x + \frac{3}{2}y\right)^2 = \frac{49}{25}x^2 + \frac{21}{5}xy + \frac{9}{4}y^2$$

(iii)  $(2.5p + 1.5q)^2$

Using  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

Here  $a = 2.5p$        $b = 1.5q$

$$\begin{aligned}(2.5p + 1.5q)^2 &= (2.5p)^2 + 2 \times 2.5p \times 1.5q + (1.5q)^2 \\ &= 6.25p^2 + 7.5pq + 2.25q^2\end{aligned}$$

(iv)  $\left(\frac{3}{4}s + 8t\right)^2$  Using  $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$

Here  $a = \frac{3}{4}s$        $b = 8t$

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{3}{4}s + 8t\right)^2 &= \left(\frac{3}{4}s\right)^2 + 2 \times \left(\frac{3}{4}s\right) \times (8t) + (8t)^2 \\ &= \frac{9}{16}s^2 + \left(2 \times \frac{3}{4} \times 8\right)st + 64t^2\end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\frac{3}{4}s + 8t\right)^2 = \frac{9}{16}s^2 + 12st + 64t^2$$

(v)  $\left(x + \frac{1}{2y}\right)^2$  Using  $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab$   
Here  $a = x$  ,  $b = \frac{1}{2y}$

$$\begin{aligned}\left(x + \frac{1}{2y}\right)^2 &= x^2 + 2 \times x \times \frac{1}{2y} + \left(\frac{1}{2y}\right)^2 \\ &= x^2 + \frac{x}{y} + \frac{1}{(2y)^2} \\ &= x^2 + \frac{x}{y} + \frac{1}{4y^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$(vi) \left( \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} \right)^2 \quad \text{Here } a = \frac{1}{x}, \quad b = \frac{1}{y}$$

$$(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left( \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{y} \right)^2 &= \left( \frac{1}{x} \right)^2 + 2 \times \left( \frac{1}{x} \right) \times \left( \frac{1}{y} \right) + \left( \frac{1}{y} \right)^2 \\ &= \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2}{xy} + \frac{1}{y^2} \end{aligned}$$

2. Using the same identity, find the values of the following:

(i)  $(64)^2$        $64 = 60 + 4$       using  $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$   
Here  $a = 60$ ,  $b = 4$

$$(60 + 4)^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$(60)^2 + 2 \times 60 \times 4 + (4)^2$$

$$= 3600 + 480 + 16$$

$$= 4096$$

(ii)  $(105)^2$        $105 = 100 + 5$       Here  $a = 100, b = 5$

$$(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$(100 + 5)^2 = (100)^2 + 2 \times 100 \times 5 + (5)^2$$

$$= 10000 + 1000 + 25$$

$$= 11025$$

$$(iii) \quad (205)^2 \quad 205 = 200 + 5$$

$$\text{Here } a = 200, \quad b = 5$$

$$\text{Using } (a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} (205)^2 &= (200 + 5)^2 \\ &= (200)^2 + 2 \times 200 \times 5 + (5)^2 \\ &= 40000 + 2000 + 25 \\ &= \underline{\underline{42025}} \end{aligned}$$